

TITLES	EXPLANATIONS
Title of Course	Developmental Psychopathology
Code of Course	PSK 453
Type of Course	Elective
Level of Course	Undergraduate
Year of Study	4
Semester/Trimester	7 or 8
Number of ECTS	4
Name of Lecturer(s)	STAFF
Course Learning Outcomes	At the end of this course students are expected to; LO1. Describe risk and protective factors in development. LO2. Explain the consequences of the deviations from normal developmental course in the infancy, childhood and adolescence. LO3. Express the impact of disorders in childhood and adolescence to adulthood. LO4. Understand multi-determinism in developmental psychopathology.
Mode of Delivery	The style of teaching is face-to-face interaction.
Prerequisites and Co-requisites	There is no prerequisite or co-requisite for this course.
Recommended Optional Programme Component	None
Course Contents	1. Introduction 2. Biological Effects to the Development of Psychopathology 3. The Effects of Early Deprivation in Development 4. Attachment and Psychopathology 5. Early Deviations in Curiosity and Task Orientation 6. The Pervasive Developmental Disorders 7. Parenting and Child Psychopathology 8. Deviant Peer Influences 9. Socio-Demographic Disadvantages and Psychosocial Adjustment 10. Depression, Suicide and The Consequences of Loss 11. Deviance in Adolescence 12. Resilience in Development 13. The Developmental Approach to Adult Psychopathology 14. General Evaluation
Recommended or Required Reading	(Primary Textbook) Cicchetti, D., & Cohen, D. J. (2006). <i>Developmental psychopathology. Volume one: Theory and method (2nd Ed.)</i> . New Jersey: John Wiley & Sons. (Suggested References) Cicchetti, D., & Cohen, D. J. (2006). <i>Developmental psychopathology. Volume three: Risk, disorder and adaptation (2nd Ed.)</i> . New Jersey: John Wiley & Sons. Luthar, S. S., Burack, J. A., Cicchetti, D., & Weisz, J. R. (1997). <i>Developmental psychopathology: Perspectives on adjustment, risk, and disorder</i> . NY: Cambridge University Press. * The primary textbook for this course is renewed every year.
Planned Learning Activities and Teaching Methods	This course is conducted through discussions on the material presented in class and over the compulsory reading material. With this aim in mind, (a) regular lectures supported by visual presentations and (b) class discussions are used.
Assessment Methods and Criteria	1 Midterm, 1 Final Exam
Language of Instruction	Turkish
Practicum	None

Program Outcomes	Course Learning Outcomes			
	LO1	LO2	LO3	LO4
Analyze problems with the scientific method and appropriate scientific tools.				
Think critically and creatively, ask questions, make comments using the knowledge and skills they have acquired.	X	X	X	X
Develop a positive attitude toward life-long education.				
Use the library, scientific databases, internet and other sources effectively.	X	X	X	X
Have the skills to find out, analyze, evaluate, decide about, and apply the alternative solutions to problems.				
Be open-minded to use knowledge stemming from different disciplines and/or areas of psychology.	X	X	X	X
Develop a positive attitude toward critical thinking.				
Have advanced theoretical and applied knowledge of psychology supported by contemporary course material.	X	X	X	X
Have the necessary knowledge and skills to analyze and synthesize the main areas of psychology.	X	X	X	X
Be competent in English and Turkish.				
Use effective methods to present, share and discuss scientific information.				
Be able to write scientific papers by using international manuals such as APA.				
Show courage and use the necessary skills to propose solutions to the problems of the world they live in.	X	X	X	X
Show courage and have necessary skills to propose solutions to the problems of their own life.	X	X	X	X
Have a positive attitude to statistics and be able to use common statistical software packages.				
Be able to plan and conduct research independently.				
Apply qualitative and/or quantitative methods depending on the nature and the scope of a given problem.				
Know the research methods and statistical procedures used in behavioral sciences.				
Use tools such as questionnaires, inventories, scales, and tests.				
Apply psychological knowledge to other problem areas for community welfare.	X	X	X	X
Use theoretical and applied knowledge in accordance with ethical standards.				